

## **River Findhorn District Salmon Fishery Board**

Clerk: Anthony Laing Administrator: Clare Walker Fisheries Office, Logie Steading, Dunphail, Forres, IV36 2QN 07501 767801 admin@fnlrt.org.uk www.fnlrt.org.uk/river-findhorn

## Minute of the Annual General Meeting (Annual Public Meeting)

Held on Monday 14<sup>th</sup> August 2023 at 11am at Coulmony House

## Present:

Anthony Laing -AnL (Chairman) Alasdair Laing - AL Mark Laing – ML Alex Leven – AIL Edward Usborne Colin Glynn-Percy - CGP

## In attendance:

Alister Taylor (AT) (Bailiff) Sean Mclean (SM) (Head Bailiff) Robert Laughton (RL) - Director, FNLRT Clare Walker (CW) (Administrator) Elle Adams (EA) (Living Alive)

Andrew Howard – AH Michael Barron – MB Philip Arkell – PA Robert Hoskin **Catherine Brodie** Duncan Kerr

Guy Harris (GH) (FWI Project Officer) Peiter van West (PvW) (Guest Speaker)

Α	Item	Action
1.	Apologies: Lord Cawdor, Campbell Ross, Edward Crookes, Dowager	
	Countess Cawdor, Andrew Fleming	
	AnL welcomed Peiter van West to the meeting and thanked him for attending.	
2.	Minutes of AGM held on 8th August 2022	
	Minutes were approved.	
3.	Matters Arising	
	There were no matters arising not covered in other items.	
4.	2022 Summary and Annual Report	
	There were 853 salmon and grilse caught last year. This is the first time these	
	numbers have dipped below one thousand since 1981. The Board expressed	
	its concern over this decline and is hopeful that the outcomes of the FNLRT	
	Findhorn Watershed Initiative will be taking measures to try to counteract this	
	decline.	
	The 2022 season was characterised by low water throughout the summer and	
	a significant Saprolegnia outbreak in the Spring with an estimated loss of 300- 400 spring salmon. The 2023 season saw another outbreak with significant	
	losses.	
	The Board have pledged £10k over three years from the reserve fund,	
	alongside many other DSFBS to fund vital research into apparent new strains	
	of Saprolegnia.	
	Following a request from some proprietors that the FDSFB consider an	
	extension to the season, AnL and RL met with Scottish Government	
	representatives who confirmed that they will be undertaking a review of all	
	closed seasons this year, so it is logical to wait until this review is published	
	before deciding on next steps.	
	AnL gave his thanks to the Findhorn Bailiffs for their work to protect the river	
	and expressed his disappointment at the recent result of a poaching incident	
	from last season being brought to the Procurator Fiscal which only resulted in	
	a warning, this was deemed to be too lenient given the evidence provided. A	

	letter to this effect was sent to the Procurator Fiscal but, as yet, there has not	
	been a response. SM highlighted this as an issue affecting other DSFBs in	
	Scotland; at a recent Riverwatch meeting hosted by FNLRT, Bailiffs attending	
5	from other rivers have had similar experiences.	
5.	Consideration of Accounts for Financial Year to 31 <sup>st</sup> January 2023	
	The draft accounts were circulated prior to the meeting and published on the	
6	website. The accounts were approved. FNLRT Directors Report	
6.		
	<b>2023 Season</b> – Poor spring catches punctuated by outbreaks of disease amongst salmon, representing a significant egg loss. Samples were collected	
	and sent away for testing.	
	Juvenile Surveys – Juvenile surveys are underway. Numbers at Tomatin	
	were much higher than anticipated. The NEP surveys so far show good	
	numbers of salmon and trout.	
	<i>FWI</i> – A temperature monitoring network has been established in the upper	
	catchment as part of the Findhorn Watershed Initiative. RL is looking into	
	using real-time monitors which will help anglers and estates to properly	
	assess conditions on the river.	RL
	<b>Predator Control</b> – RL thanked everyone for contributing to reports of	
	Sawbills. A control licence application for this coming winter has been applied	
	for and we await a decision.	
	RL confirmed that no seal licences had been approved again this year, this	
	includes the ability to scare. This has been the situation for the past few	
	years, and it is expected that this trend will continue going forward. RL	
	applied, and was turned down last year, but did not apply this year as the	
	application process is lengthy and it was likely to result in a refusal, however,	
	other local rivers did apply, and they have been refused. DK asked whether it	
	was worth applying anyway, if all of the DSFBs continued to apply each year	
	then it could add weight to the argument that some form of control is needed.	
	RL can apply again if the Board wish him to do so.	RL
	The Findhorn Angling Association are arranging drone footage of Findhorn	
	Bay to facilitate seal counts in the area.	
	<b>Rivers works</b> – work on the Mosset Burn bridge for access to Forres waste	
	water treatment works is still to be completed.	
	<b>INNS</b> – The SISI project has been granted funding for a further three years.	
	Elise Cox remains in post as Project Officer. This season Giant Hogweed	
	control on the Findhorn was expanded below the A96 bridge. Network Rail	
	contracted Giant Hogweed control along the railway after lobbying from the	
	Trust and Boards and the initial results have been excellent.	
	AH asked whether there was any data available on historic cycles of salmon	
	numbers which might highlight factors which may contribute to the rise and	
	fall in numbers. AL commented that the removal of nets in 1985 caused the	
	grilse catch to shoot up and it is considered that marine survival rates were	RL
	also higher. RL will look to see what data is available.	
	<b>Presentation by Peiter van West</b> – Peiter van West, from the University of	
	Aberdeen, gave an informative presentation on the Saprolegnia pathogen,	
	outlining the lifecycle, different strains, and favoured conditions and how this	
	directly impacts salmon and the implications of the recent outbreaks of	
1		
7.	disease. Findhorn Watershed Initiative Presentation and Project Update	

	EA and GH gave a short presentation on the FWI and the progress that has	
	been made towards the project so far. The main discussion points following	
	the presentation were:	
	<ul> <li>There is a much longer lead time to get trees planted in the ground</li> </ul>	
	than originally anticipated due to the need for Environmental Impact	
	Assessments and timescales associated with Forestry Grant Scheme	
	(FGS) applications.	
	<ul> <li>The FGS is keen to take a collaborative approach to the outcomes of</li> </ul>	
	the FWI as this enables the best use of public funding while also	
	facilitating them to meet their own project outcomes. This allows the	
	FWI to leverage all currently available funds.	
	- The area of natural capital is a rapidly evolving field which the FWI has	
	found itself at the forefront of and the project is acutely aware of the	
	need to navigate this issue with integrity.	
8.	Proposals for 2023/24	
	This was covered in item 4.	
	AOCB	
9.	Hatchery – The angling associations operating on the river Findhorn receive	
	regular feedback from anglers on how the fish population could benefit from	
	the operation of a hatchery. The general feeling is that the investment by the	
	FDSFB would be worth it. RL explained that the reasons against operating a	
	hatchery on the Findhorn include current research data which suggests that	
	marine survival for wild fish stands at between 2 and 5%, however, for fish	
	taken from the wild and harvested in the hatchery environment, the marine	
	survival rate drops to 1 to 2%. The removal of fit and healthy hen fish to stock	
	a hatchery is likely to ultimately lead to a decrease in the number of salmon	
	returning to the river due to the higher mortality rates suffered by hatchery	
	reared fish. RL acknowledged that, in certain circumstances a hatchery is a	
	useful tool in efforts to increase salmon stocks, such as on the river Conan	
	where access to the spawning grounds is blocked by hydro dams. The	
	angling associations feel that it would be useful for the FDSFB to draft a	
	statement which explains these reasons so that this information can be more	
	easily disseminated to local anglers and other concerned stakeholders. AnL	
	suggested that it would be useful to review any data on this at the next Board	р.
	meeting so that the Board were fully informed before releasing anything.	RL
	AnL thanked everyone for their attendance and closed the meeting at	
	13:10.	